	CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> CN(Me)O	H <sub>2</sub> CN(Me)O	E <sub>rel</sub>	
- Mathad	E	E	<u> </u>	E		
Method	Etot	Etot	Ltot	<b>E</b> tot		
RHF/6-31G*	-243.661983	-243.661992	-207.844341	-207.848528	2.63	
MP2(full)/6-31G*	-244.345308	-244.345335	-208.474663	-208.477655	1.88	
Becke3LYP/6-31G*	-245 .009334	-245 .009325	-209.108589	-209.111677	1.94	
RHF/6-311G**	-243.729003	-243.729017	-207.900430	-207.904670	2.66	
MP2(full)/6-311G**	-244.538989	-244.539018	-208.657642	-208.660644	1.88	
Becke3LYP/6-311G**	-245.081535	-245.081539	-209.170347	-209.173342	1.88	

 Table S1, Part B.
 Total Energies of the Model Systems.<sup>a</sup>

(a) Total energies in atomic units. The relative energies are given in kcal/mol.

Method	$\mu_{x}$	$\mu_{y}$	µ	$ \mu _{NP}$	$ \mu _{MP}$	<sub>x</sub> μ	$\mu_y$	μ	$ \mu _{NP}$	$ \mu _{MP}$		
	eclCH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>						stagCH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>					
RHF/6-31G*	0.15	-4.01	4.01	5.45	5.92	-0.23	-4.01	4.02	5.45	5.92		
MP2(full)/6-31G*	0.11	-3.43	3.43	4.77	4.98	-0.27	-3.42	3.43	4.77	4.97		
Becke3LYP/6-31G*	0.09	-3.47	3.48	4.91	5.02	-0.19	-3.47	3.48	4.91	5.01		
	anti-H <sub>2</sub> C=N(O)CH <sub>3</sub>				S	syn-H <sub>2</sub> C=N(O)CH <sub>3</sub>						
RHF/6-31G*	-3.40	-2.93	4.49	6.35	6.13	3.67	-2.52	4.45	6.31	6.01		
MP2(full)/6-31G*	-2.03	-2.89	3.53	5.20	4.93	2.30	-2.65	3.51	5.19	4.83		
Becke3LYP/6-31G*	-2.26	-2.76	3.56	5.37	4.94	2.47	-2.49	3.51	5.33	4.81		

Table S2. Dipole Moments of Nitromethane and N-Methylformaldimine N-Oxide.<sup>a</sup>

(a) Dipole moment in Debye. Nitromethane is oriented such that the C-N bond is aligned with the y-direction and the xy-plane is the symmetry plane for both conformations. The unique methyl H-atoms in the nitromethane structures are oriented in the positive x-direction.

(b) Abbreviations: NP = Natural Population, MP = Mulliken Population.